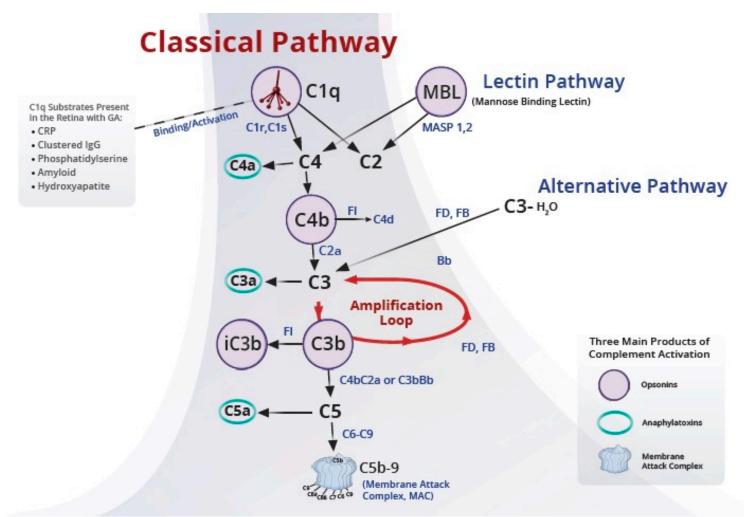
Role of C1q Inhibition in the Treatment of Geographic Atrophy Secondary to Age-related Macular Degeneration

David Boyer, MD

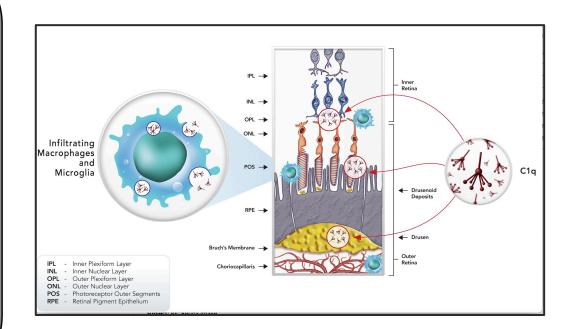
C1q and Classical Complement Pathway



Selective inhibition of C1q shuts down all tissue-damaging components of classical pathway (C4, C3, C5, C9) while allowing immune functions of lectin and alternative complement pathways to continue without disruption

C1q and Classical Cascade are Key Drivers in Geographic Atrophy

- High local expression of C1q in the retina by infiltrating macrophages
 - Macrophages in OPL, POS, RPE, choroid express high levels of C1q
- C1q activators present in all layers of the outer retina
- C1q and downstream activated complement components are deposited in multiple layers of outer retina in GA
- Blocking C1q / classical pathway protects photoreceptor cells and function in photoreceptor damage models

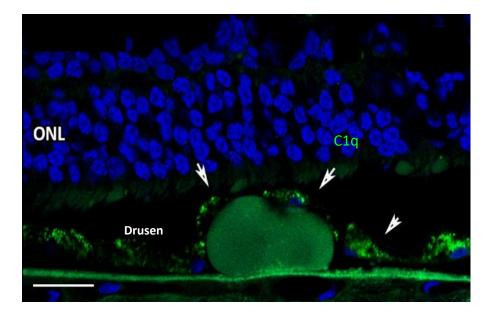


C1q Accumulates with Age in Geographic Atrophy

C1q accumulation on photoreceptor cell synapses in mouse retina

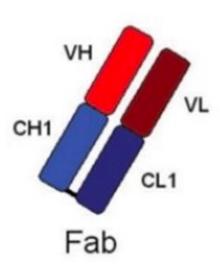
INL OPL Data on File, Annexon Biosciences Synapses C1q Nuclei

C1q accumulation on drusen in human retina with GA



Human retinal micrograph: Jiao, et al., Mol Neurodegener. 2018 08 20;13(1):45

ANX007 is Designed to Inhibit C1q

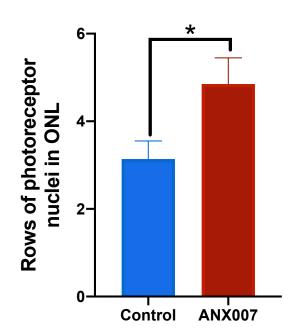


- Recombinant humanized antigen binding fragment (Fab) of a monoclonal antibody
- Composed of one VH and CH1 segment of an IgG1 heavy chain covalently linked to one kappa light chain
- Molecular weight ~48 kDa
- Binds to the complement protein C1q via its antigen binding domain

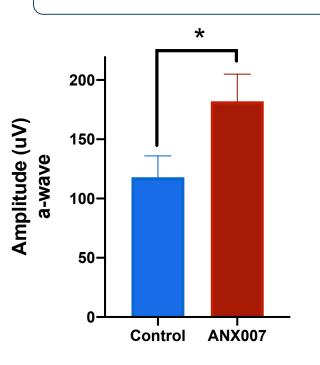
ANX007 Provides Neuroprotection in a Mouse Model

Intravitreal Administration of ANX007 Protects Photoreceptor Cells and Retinal Function

Anti-C1q Protects Photoreceptor Cells /
Retinal Thickness

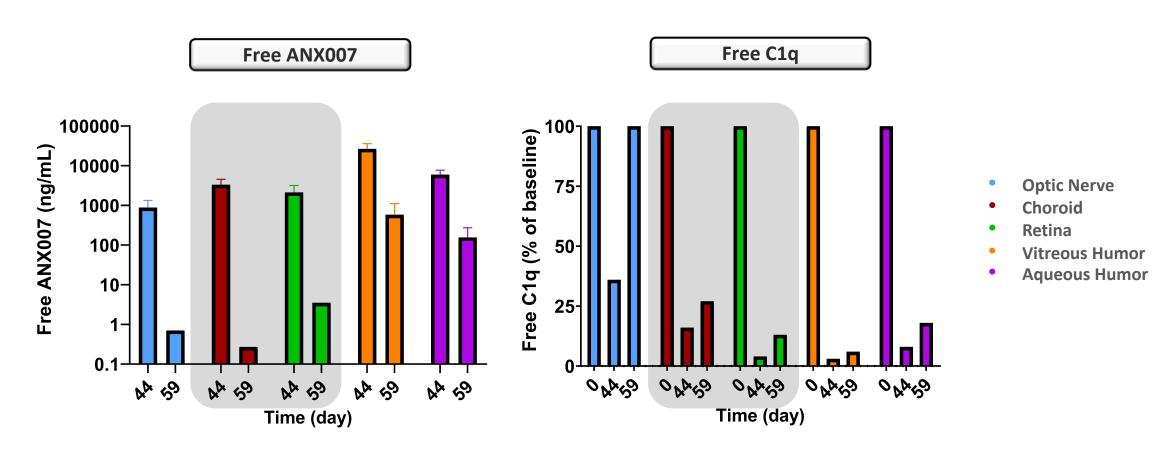


Protects Retinal Function



* p < 0.05;

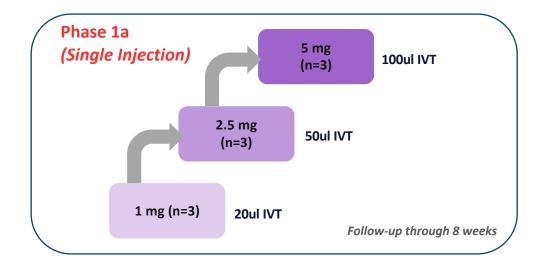
ANX007 Reduces C1q Levels in Retina of Non-Human Primates

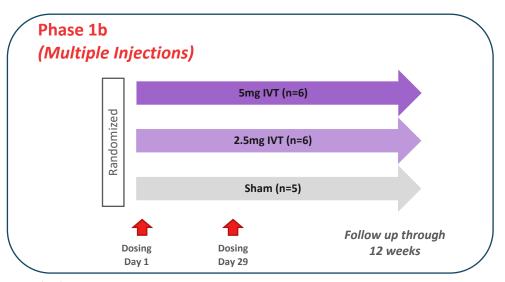


Two doses of 5 mg ANX007 administered IVT 28 days apart in cynomolgus monkeys

- Day 44 = 15 days post-last dose
- Day 59 = 30 days post-last dose

Phase 1 Studies in Glaucoma



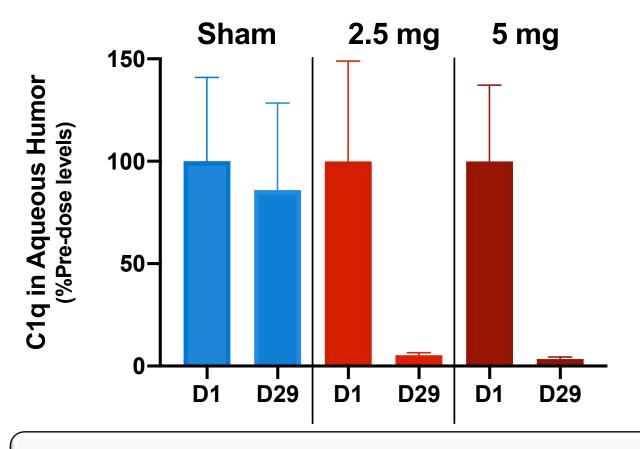


SUMMARY

- Repeat doses, in patients with Primary Open-Angle Glaucoma (n=17)
- Well-tolerated at all dose levels
 - No SAEs or severe TEAEs
 - All AEs were mild in severity and resolved
 - Ocular TEAEs (ocular irritation, subconjunctival hemorrhage or conjunctival hyperemia) consistent with other IVT administered treatments

Data on File, Annexon Biosciences

ANX007 Effectively Inhibits C1q

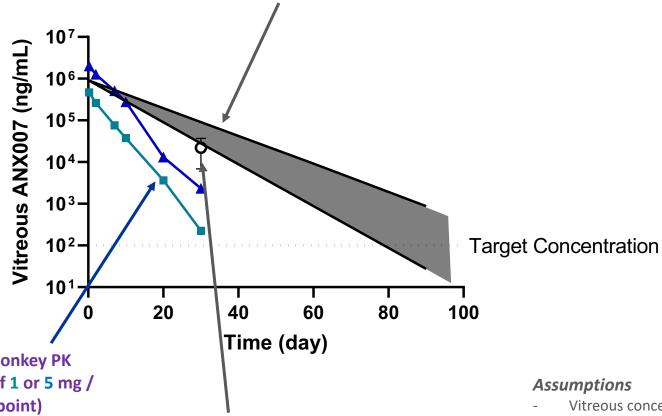


D1 = Day 1 (before ANX007 dosing) **D29** = Day 29 (post-1st dose)

Single intravitreal injection *inhibited C1q in aqueous humor for at least 29 days* at both doses

C1q Inhibition in Vitreous Projected to be Maintained for at Least 2 Months

Projected ANX007 PK in human vitreous following a 5 mg dose based on observed data from cynomolgus monkey

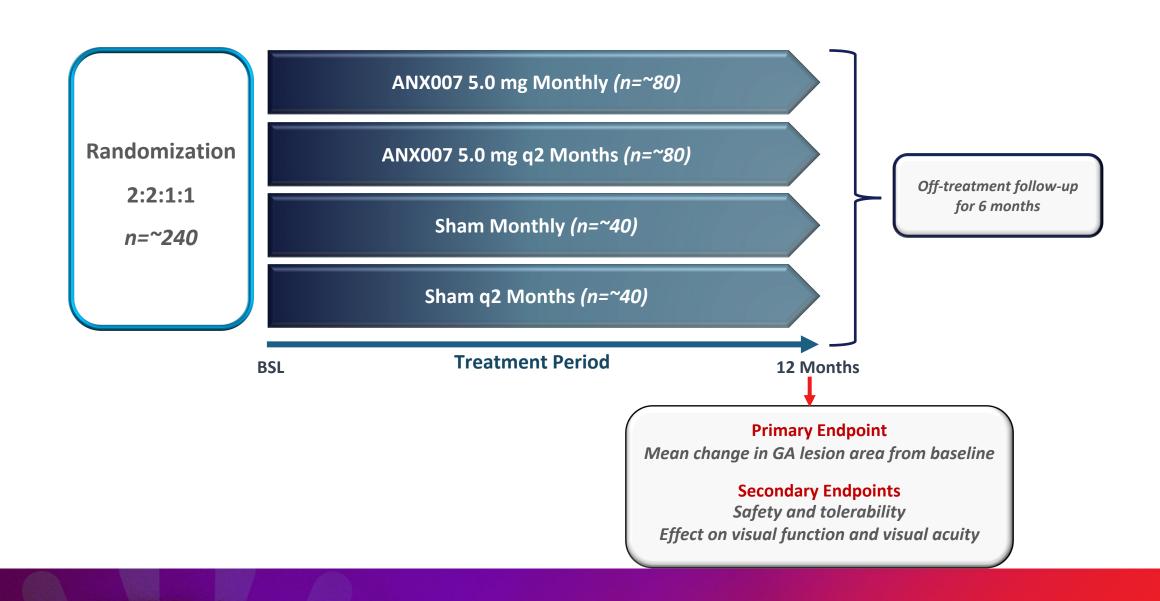


Observed cynomolgus monkey PK following a single dose of 1 or 5 mg / eye (mean of n=2 / timepoint)

Calculated vitreous concentration, based on observed aqueous PK in ANX007 phase 1b glaucoma study (n=3, mean ± SE)

- Vitreous concentrations are 4x aqueous concentrations based on observed cynomolgus monkey data
- Human ocular half life is 3x cynomolgus monkey ocular half life based on published data from other IVT-administered Fabs (*Xu et al, IOVS 2013 54(3):1616-24*)

The ARCHER Study: Ongoing Phase 2 Study Evaluating Effect of ANX007



Summary

- C1q, the initiating molecule of the classical complement cascade, has been implicated in neurodegenerative diseases, including GA
- ANX007 is designed to inhibit C1q while allowing immune functions of lectin and alternative complement pathways to continue
- IVT ANX007 was well- tolerated in Phase 1 studies in glaucoma
- Ongoing ARCHER study evaluates GA lesion growth rate following IVT ANX007 (5 mg q1 month or q2 months) compared to sham
 - Lesion sizes inclusive of > 2.5 mm² 17.5 mm² (~1-7 DA or if multifocal, one lesion $\geq \frac{1}{2}$ DA)
 - CNV in fellow eye allowed

FPI: Q1'21; results anticipated in 2023